Aspartate Aminotransferase Rabbit mAb [ds0S]

Cat NO. :A15515

Information:

| Applications | Reactivity: | UniProt ID: | MW(kDa) | Host | Isotype | Size |
|------------------|---------------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|------------------|
| WB IHC ICC/IF FC | Human,Mouse,R | P17174 | 46kDa | Rabbit | lgG | 50ul,100ul,200ul |
| | at | | | | | |

Applications detail:

| Application | Dilution | | | |
|--|-------------|--|--|--|
| WB | 1:1000-2000 | | | |
| IHC | 1:100 | | | |
| ICC/IF | 1:100 | | | |
| The optimal dilutions should be determined by the end user | | | | |

Conjugate:

UnConjugate

Form:

Liquid

sensitivity

Endogenous

Purification:

Affinity-chromatography

Specificity:

Antibody is produced by immunizing animals with A synthesized peptide derived from human Aspartate Aminotransferase

Storage buffer and conditions:

Antibody store in 10 mM PBS, 0.5mg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol (buffer) .

Shipped at 4°C. Store at-20°C or -80°C.

Products are valid for one natural year of receipt. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

Tissue specificity:

Subcellular location:

Cytoplasm. Function:

Introduction: WB: Western Blot IP: Immunoprecipitation IHC: Immunohistochemistry ChIP: Chromatin Immunoprecipitation ICC/IF: Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence F: Flow Cytometry

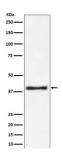
Cross Reactivity: H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus MI: mink C: chicken Dm D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Hr: horse

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Biosynthesis of L-glutamate from L-aspartate or L-cysteine (PubMed:21900944). Important regulator of levels of glutamate, the major excitatory neurotransmitter of the vertebrate central nervous system. Acts as a scavenger of glutamate in brain neuroprotection. The aspartate aminotransferase activity is involved in hepatic glucose synthesis during development and in adipocyte glyceroneogenesis. Using L-cysteine as substrate, regulates levels of mercaptopyruvate, an important source of hydrogen sulfide. Mercaptopyruvate is converted into H(2)S via the action of 3-mercaptopyruvate sulfurtransferase (3MST). Hydrogen sulfide is an important synaptic modulator and neuroprotectant in the brain. In addition, catalyzes (2S)-2-aminobutanoate, a by-product in the cysteine biosynthesis pathway (PubMed:27827456)..

Validation Data:

Aspartate Aminotransferase Rabbit mAb [ds0S] Images



Western blot (SDS PAGE) analysis of extracts from MCF7 cell lysate.Using Aspartate Aminotransferase Rabbit mAb [ds0S]at dilution of 1:1000 incubated at 4° C over night.

View more information on http://naturebios.com

IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 1% w/v Milk, 1X TBST at 4°C overnight.