

# DGCR8 Rabbit mAb [J3T6]

Cat NO. :A30397

### Information:

Applications	Reactivity:	UniProt ID:	MW(kDa)	Host	Isotype	Size	
WB ICC/IF IP	Human,Mouse,R	Q8WYQ5	100kDa	Rabbit	IgG	50ul,100ul,200ul	
	at						

Applications detail:

Application

WB

1:1000-2000

ICC/IF

1:100

The optimal dilutions should be determined by the end user

$\sim$		_ :	 	_		_	
С	n	nı	 n	9	T/	0	

UnConjugate

Form:

Liquid

sensitivity:

**Endogenous** 

Purification:

Affinity-chromatography

# Specificity:

Antibody is produced by immunizing animals with A synthesized peptide derived from human DGCR8

# Storage buffer and conditions:

Antibody store in 10 mM PBS, 0.5mg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol (buffer) .

Shipped at 4°C. Store at-20°C or -80°C.

Products are valid for one natural year of receipt. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

### Tissue specificity:

Ubiquitously expressed..

## Subcellular location:

Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleolus.

Function:

Introduction: WB: Western Blot IP: Immunoprecipitation IHC: Immunohistochemistry ChIP: Chromatin Immunoprecipitation ICC/IF: Immunocytochemistry/
Immunofluorescence F: Flow Cytometry

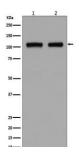
Cross Reactivity: H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Hr: horse



Component of the microprocessor complex that acts as a RNA- and heme-binding protein that is involved in the initial step of microRNA (miRNA) biogenesis. Component of the microprocessor complex that is required to process primary miRNA transcripts (pri-miRNAs) to release precursor miRNA (pre-miRNA) in the nucleus. Within the microprocessor complex, DGCR8 function as a molecular anchor necessary for the recognition of pri-miRNA at dsRNA-ssRNA junction and directs DROSHA to cleave 11 bp away form the junction to release hairpin-shaped pre-miRNAs that are subsequently cut by the cytoplasmic DICER to generate mature miRNAs (PubMed:26027739, PubMed:26748718). The heme-bound DGCR8 dimer binds pri-miRNAs as a cooperative trimer (of dimers) and is active in triggering pri-miRNA cleavage, whereas the heme-free DGCR8 monomer binds pri-miRNAs as a dimer and is much less active. Both double-stranded and single-stranded regions of a pri-miRNA are required for its binding (PubMed:15531877, PubMed:15574589, PubMed:15589161, PubMed:16751099, PubMed:16906129, PubMed:16963499, PubMed:17159994). Specifically recognizes and binds N6-methyladenosine (m6A)-containing pri-miRNAs, a modification required for pri-miRNAs processing (PubMed:25799998). Involved in the silencing of embryonic stem cell self-renewal (By similarity)..

### **Validation Data:**

### DGCR8 Rabbit mAb [J3T6] Images



Western blot (SDS PAGE) analysis of extracts from (1) HEK293 cell lysate; (2) HeLa cell lysate. Using DGCR8 Rabbit mAb [J3T6]at dilution of 1:1000 incubated at  $4^{\circ}$  over night.

View more information on http://naturebios.com