

CLPP Rabbit mAb [L0wk]

Cat NO. :A62273

Information:

Applications	Reactivity:	UniProt ID:	MW(kDa)	Host	Isotype	Size
WB IHC IP	Human,Mouse,R	Q16740	26kDa	Rabbit	IgG	50ul,100ul,200ul
	at					

Applications detail:

Application

WB

1:1000-2000

IHC

The optimal dilutions should be determined by the end user

\sim		•	gate:			
(:	nn	1116	กล	te	٠	

UnConjugate

Form:

Liquid

sensitivity:

Endogenous

Purification:

Affinity-chromatography

Specificity:

Antibody is produced by immunizing animals with A synthesized peptide derived from human CLPP

Storage buffer and conditions:

Antibody store in 10 mM PBS, 0.5mg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol (buffer) .

Shipped at 4°C. Store at-20°C or -80°C.

Products are valid for one natural year of receipt. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

Tissue specificity:

Detected in liver (at protein level). Predominantly expressed in skeletal muscle. Intermediate levels in heart, liver and pancreas. Low in brain, placenta, lung and kidney..

Subcellular location:

Mitochondrion matrix.

Function:

Introduction: WB: Western Blot IP: Immunoprecipitation IHC: Immunohistochemistry ChIP: Chromatin Immunoprecipitation ICC/IF: Immunocytochemistry/
Immunofluorescence F: Flow Cytometry

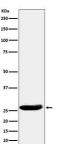
Cross Reactivity: H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Hr: horse



Protease component of the Clp complex that cleaves peptides and various proteins in an ATP-dependent process. Has low peptidase activity in the absence of CLPX. The Clp complex can degrade CSN1S1, CSN2 and CSN3, as well as synthetic peptides (in vitro) and may be responsible for a fairly general and central housekeeping function rather than for the degradation of specific substrates (PubMed:11923310, PubMed:15522782). Cleaves PINK1 in the mitochondrion (PubMed:22354088)..

Validation Data:

CLPP Rabbit mAb [L0wk] Images



Western blot (SDS PAGE) analysis of extracts from A431 cell lysate. Using CLPP Rabbit mAb [L0wk]at dilution of 1:1000 incubated at 4° C over night.

View more information on http://naturebios.com