# DISC1 Rabbit mAb [RDJQ]

Cat NO. :A63344

## Information:

Applications	Reactivity:	UniProt ID:	MW(kDa)	Host	Isotype	Size
WB IHC ICC/IF IP	Human,Mouse,R	Q9NRI5	100kDa	Rabbit	lgG	50ul,100ul,200ul
FC	at					

## **Applications detail:**

Application	Dilution	
WB	1:1000-2000	
нс	1:100	
ICC/IF	1:100	
The optimal dilutions should be determined by the end user		

## Conjugate:

UnConjugate

Form:

Liquid

sensitivity:

Endogenous

**Purification**:

Affinity-chromatography

#### Specificity:

Antibody is produced by immunizing animals with A synthesized peptide derived from human DISC1

### Storage buffer and conditions:

Antibody store in 10 mM PBS, 0.5mg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol (buffer) .

Shipped at 4°C. Store at-20°C or -80°C.

Products are valid for one natural year of receipt. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

### **Tissue specificity:**

Ubiquitous. Highly expressed in the dentate gyrus of the hippocampus. Also expressed in the temporal and

parahippocampal cortices and cells of the white matter..

#### Subcellular location:

Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Mitochondrion. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cell junction, synapse, postsynaptic density.

**Function**:

Introduction: WB: Western Blot IP: Immunoprecipitation IHC: Immunohistochemistry ChIP: Chromatin Immunoprecipitation ICC/IF: Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence F: Flow Cytometry

Cross Reactivity: H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus MI: mink C: chicken Dm D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Hr: horse

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Involved in the regulation of multiple aspects of embryonic and adult neurogenesis (PubMed:19502360, PubMed:19303846). Required for neural progenitor proliferation in the ventrical/subventrical zone during embryonic brain development and in the adult dentate gyrus of the hippocampus (By similarity). Participates in the Wnt-mediated neural progenitor proliferation as a positive regulator by modulating GSK3B activity and CTNNB1 abundance (PubMed:19303846). Plays a role as a modulator of the AKT-mTOR signaling pathway controlling the tempo of the process of newborn neurons integration during adult neurogenesis, including neuron positioning, dendritic development and synapse formation (By similarity). Inhibits the activation of AKT-mTOR signaling upon interaction with CCDC88A (By similarity). Regulates the migration of early-born granule cell precursors toward the dentate gyrus during the hippocampal development (PubMed:19502360). Inhibits ATF4 transcription factor activity in neurons by disrupting ATF4 dimerization and DNA-binding (By similarity). Plays a role, together with PCNT, in the microtubule network formation (PubMed:18955030)..

# Validation Data:

### DISC1 Rabbit mAb [RDJQ] Images



Western blot (SDS PAGE) analysis of extracts from (1) HeLa cell lysate; (2) RAW264.7 cell lysate; (3) PC-12 cell lysate.Using DISC1 Rabbit mAb [RDJQ]at dilution of 1:1000 incubated at 4 °C over night.

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IMPORTANT: For western blots, incubate membrane with diluted primary antibody in 1% w/v Milk, 1X TBST at 4°C overnight.