

# Bax Rabbit mAb [Zp97]

Cat NO. :A70727

#### Information:

Applications	Reactivity:	UniProt ID:	MW(kDa)	Host	Isotype	Size
WB IHC IP FC	Human,Mouse,R	Q07812	21kDa	Rabbit	IgG	50ul,100ul,200ul
	at Hamster					

WB

Applications detail:

Application Dilution

1:1000-2000

IHC 1:100

The optimal dilutions should be determined by the end user

Conjugate:

UnConjugate

Form:

Liquid

sensitivity:

**Endogenous** 

**Purification**:

Affinity-chromatography

# Specificity:

Antibody is produced by immunizing animals with A synthesized peptide derived from human Bax

### Storage buffer and conditions:

Antibody store in 10 mM PBS, 0.5mg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol (buffer) .

Shipped at 4°C. Store at-20°C or -80°C.

Products are valid for one natural year of receipt. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.

### Tissue specificity:

Expressed in a wide variety of tissues. Isoform Psi is found in glial tumors. Isoform Alpha is expressed in spleen,

breast, ovary, testis, colon and brain, and at low levels in skin and lung. Isoform

## Subcellular location:

 $\hbox{[Isoform\,Alpha]:\,Mitochondrion\,outer\,membrane,} Single-pass\,membrane\,protein.\,Cytoplasm.$ 

### Function:

Introduction: WB: Western Blot IP: Immunoprecipitation IHC: Immunohistochemistry ChIP: Chromatin Immunoprecipitation ICC/IF: Immunocytochemistry/
Immunofluorescence F: Flow Cytometry

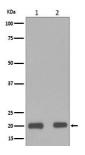
Cross Reactivity: H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus Mi: mink C: chicken Dm D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Hr: horse



Plays a role in the mitochondrial apoptotic process (PubMed:10772918, PubMed:16113678, PubMed:18948948, PubMed:21199865, PubMed:21458670, PubMed:25609812, PubMed:8358790, PubMed:8521816, PubMed:11060313, PubMed:16199525). Under normal conditions, BAX is largely cytosolic via constant retrotranslocation from mitochondria to the cytosol mediated by BCL2L1/Bcl-xL, which avoids accumulation of toxic BAX levels at the mitochondrial outer membrane (MOM) (PubMed:21458670). Under stress conditions, undergoes a conformation change that causes translocation to the mitochondrion membrane, leading to the release of cytochrome c that then triggers apoptosis (PubMed:11060313, PubMed:16199525, PubMed:10772918, PubMed:16113678, PubMed:18948948, PubMed:21199865, PubMed:21458670, PubMed:25609812, PubMed:8358790, PubMed:8521816). Promotes activation of CASP3, and thereby apoptosis (PubMed:11060313, PubMed:16199525, PubMed:10772918, PubMed:16113678, PubMed:18948948, PubMed:21199865, PubMed:21458670, PubMed:25609812, PubMed:358790, PubMed:8521816)..

#### **Validation Data:**

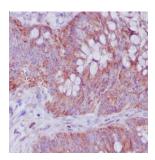
#### Bax Rabbit mAb [Zp97] Images



Western blot (SDS PAGE) analysis of extracts from (1) HeLa cell lysate;(2) RAW264.7 Whole Cell Lysate.Using Bax Rabbit mAb [Zp97]at dilution of 1:1000 incubated at  $4^{\circ}$ C over night.

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Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human adenocarcinoma of colon, .Using Bax Rabbit mAb [Zp97] at dilution of 1:100 incubated at 4  $^{\circ}$ C over night.Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval before commencing with IHC staining protocol.