P-PAK4 + PAK5 + PAK6 (S474 + S560 + S602)
Rabbit mAb [F8I3]

## Information

| Applications | Reactivity: | UniProt ID: | MW(kDa) | Host | Isotype | Size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WB FC | Human,Mouse,R | O96013(PAK4- | $64,80,75 \mathrm{kDa}$ | Rabbit | IgG | $50 \mathrm{ul}, 100 \mathrm{ul}, 200 \mathrm{ul}$ |
|  | at | Antigen),Q9P286(PAK5), <br> Q9NQU5(PAK6) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Applications detail:

| Application | Dilution |
| :--- | ---: |
| WB | $1: 1000-2000$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| The optimal dilutions should be determined by the end user |  |

## Conjugate:

UnConjugate

## Form

Liquid
sensitivity:
Endogenous
Purification:
Affinity-chromatography

## Specificity:

Antibody is produced by immunizing animals with A synthesized peptide derived from human Phospho-PAK4 + PAK5

+ PAK6 (S474 + S560 + S602)


## Storage buffer and conditions:


Shipped at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Store at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Products are valid for one natural year of receipt.Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.
Tissue specificity:
Highest expression in prostate, testis and colon.

## Subcellular location:

Cytoplasm.
Function:

Introduction: WB: Western Blot IP: Immunoprecipitation IHC: Immunohistochemistry ChIP: Chromatin Immunoprecipitation ICC/IF: Immunocytochemistry/

Serine/threonine protein kinase that plays a role in a variety of different signaling pathways including cytoskeleton regulation, cell migration, growth, proliferation or cell survival. Activation by various effectors including growth factor receptors or active CDC42 and RAC1 results in a conformational change and a subsequent autophosphorylation on several serine and/or threonine residues. Phosphorylates and inactivates the protein phosphatase SSH1, leading to increased inhibitory phosphorylation of the actin binding/depolymerizing factor cofilin. Decreased cofilin activity may lead to stabilization of actin filaments. Phosphorylates LIMK1, a kinase that also inhibits the activity of cofilin. Phosphorylates integrin beta5/ITGB5 and thus regulates cell motility. Phosphorylates ARHGEF2 and activates the downstream target RHOA that plays a role in the regulation of assembly of focal adhesions and actin stress fibers. Stimulates cell survival by phosphorylating the BCL2 antagonist of cell death BAD. Alternatively, inhibits apoptosis by preventing caspase-8 binding to death domain receptors in a kinase independent manner. Plays a role in cell-cycle progression by controlling levels of the cell-cycle regulatory protein CDKN1A and by phosphorylating RAN..

## Validation Data:

P-PAK4 + PAK5 + PAK6 (S474 + S560 + S602) Rabbit mAb [F8I3] Images


Western blot (SDS PAGE) analysis of extracts from U87-MG cell lysate.Using P-PAK4 + PAK5 + PAK6 (S474 + S560 + S602) Rabbit mAb [F8I3]at dilution of $1: 1000$ incubated at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ over night.

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