

ERCC5 Mouse mAb[J60Z]

Cat NO. :A71527

Information:

Applications	Reactivity:	UniProt ID:	MW(kDa)	Host	Isotype	Size
WB	н	P28715	200kDa	Mouse	IgG	100ul,200ul

Applications detail:	Application	Dilution
	WB	1:1000-2000
	The optimal dilutions should be determined by the end user	

Conjugate:

UnConjugate

Form:

Liquid

sensitivity:

Endogenous

Purification:

Protein A purification

Specificity:

Antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide of human ERCC5.

Storage buffer and conditions:

Antibody store in 10 mM PBS, 0.5mg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol (buffer) .

Shipped at 4°C. Store at-20°C or -80°C.

 $\label{products} \textbf{Products are valid for one natural year of receipt.} \textbf{Avoid repeated freeze} \ \textit{I} \ \textbf{thaw cycles}.$

Tissue specificity:

Subcellular location:

Nucleus. Chromosome.

Function:

Single-stranded structure-specific DNA endonuclease involved in DNA excision repair (PubMed:8206890, PubMed:8090225, PubMed:8078765, PubMed:7651464, PubMed:32821917, PubMed:32522879). Makes the 3'incision in DNA nucleotide excision repair (NER) (PubMed:8090225, PubMed:8078765, PubMed:32821917, PubMed:32522879). Binds and bends DNA repair bubble substrate and breaks base stacking at the single-strand/double-strand DNA junction of the DNA bubble (PubMed:32522879). Plays a role in base excision repair (BER) by promoting the binding of DNA glycosylase NTHL1 to its substrate and increasing NTHL1 catalytic activity that removes oxidized pyrimidines from DNA (PubMed:9927729). Involved in transcription-coupled

Introduction: WB: Western Blot IP: Immunoprecipitation IHC: Immunohistochemistry ChIP: Chromatin Immunoprecipitation ICC/IF: Immunocytochemistry/
Immunofluorescence F: Flow Cytometry

Cross Reactivity: H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus MI: mink C: chicken Dm D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Hr: horse



nucleotide excision repair (TCR) which allows RNA polymerase II-blocking lesions to be rapidly removed from the transcribed strand of active genes (PubMed:16246722). Functions during the initial step of TCR in cooperation with ERCC6/CSB to recognized stalled RNA polymerase II (PubMed:16246722). Also, stimulates ERCC6/CSB binding to the DNA repair bubble and ERCC6/CSB ATPase activity (PubMed:16246722). Required for DNA replication fork maintenance and preservation of genomic stability (PubMed:26833090, PubMed:32522879). Involved in homologous recombination repair (HRR) induced by DNA replication stress by recruiting RAD51, BRCA2, and PALB2 to the damaged DNA site (PubMed:26833090). During HRR, binds to the replication fork with high specificity and stabilizes it (PubMed:32522879). Also, acts upstream of HRR, to promote the release of BRCA1 from DNA (PubMed:26833090)..

Validation Data:

ERCC5 Mouse mAb[J60Z] Images



Western blot (SDS PAGE) analysis of extracts from HT-29 cells.Using ERCC5 Mouse mAb IgG [J60Z] at dilution of 1:1000 incubated at $4\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ over night.

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