

# Ceruloplasmin Rabbit mAb [PG9S]

Cat NO. :A79249

#### Information:

Applications	Reactivity:	UniProt ID:	MW(kDa)	Host	Isotype	Size
WB,ICC/IF	н	P00450	122 kDa	Rabbit	IgG	100ul,200ul

Applications detail:	Application	Dilution	
	WB	1:1000-2000	
	ICC/IF	1:100,	
	The optimal dilutions should be d	dilutions should be determined by the end user	

Conjugate:

UnConjugate

Form:

Liquid

sensitivity:

Endogenous

**Purification**:

Protein A purification

Specificity:

Antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic peptide of Human Ceruloplasmin.

### Storage buffer and conditions:

Antibody store in 10 mM PBS, 0.5mg/ml BSA, 50% glycerol (buffer) .

Shipped at 4°C. Store at-20°C or -80°C.

 $\label{products} \textbf{Products are valid for one natural year of receipt.} \textbf{Avoid repeated freeze} \ \textit{I} \ \textbf{thaw cycles}.$ 

### Tissue specificity:

Expressed by the liver and secreted in plasma.

### Subcellular location:

Secreted.

#### Function:

Ceruloplasmin is a blue, copper-binding (6-7 atoms per molecule) glycoprotein. It has ferroxidase activity oxidizing Fe(2+) to Fe(3+) without releasing radical oxygen species. It is involved in iron transport across the cell membrane. Provides Cu(2+) ions for the ascorbate-mediated deaminase degradation of the heparan sulfate chains of GPC1. May also play a role in fetal lung development or pulmonary antioxidant defense (By similarity)...

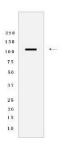
Introduction: WB: Western Blot IP: Immunoprecipitation IHC: Immunohistochemistry ChIP: Chromatin Immunoprecipitation ICC/IF: Immunocytochemistry/
Immunofluorescence F: Flow Cytometry

Cross Reactivity: H: human M: mouse R: rat Hm: hamster Mk: monkey Vir: virus MI: mink C: chicken Dm D. melanogaster X: Xenopus Z: zebrafish B: bovine Dg: dog Pg: pig Hr: horse



## **Validation Data:**

## Ceruloplasmin Rabbit mAb [PG9S] Images



Western blot (SDS PAGE) analysis of extracts from Human plasma tissue lyaste.using Ceruloplasmin Rabbit mAb [PG9S] at dilution of 1:1000 incubated at  $4^{\circ}$ C over

View more information on http://naturebios.com